

Filing of Returns under GST

Circular No: 26/26/2017-CT F. No: 349/164/2017/-GST Classification: FORM GST REG-26

Date: 29-12-2017

Subject: Filing of Returns under GST- regarding

The GST Council, in its 23rd meeting held at Guwahati on 10th November 2017, has taken certain decisions in regard to filing of returns by taxpayers. Subsequently, various representations have been received seeking clarifications on various aspects of return filing such as return filing dates, applicability and quantum of late fee, amendment of errors in submitting / filing of FORM GSTR-3B and other related queries. In order to con1.0pt solidate the information in various notifications and circulars regarding return filing and to ensure uniformity in implementation across field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168 (1) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 hereby clarifies the following issues:

1. Return Filing Calendar:

1.1 Dates for filing of FORM GSTR-1 and FORM GSTR-3B have been put in a calendar format for ease of understanding as under:

		January 2018		February	2018		March 20)18	April 201	8		May 2018
Return Filing	Dates	10	20	10	15	20	10	20	10	20	30	10
Up to 1. 5 Crore	GSTR - 3B		Dec 3B			Jan 3B		Feb 3B		Mar 3B		Apr 3B
	GSTR -1	Jul - Sep 2017			Oct - Dec 2017						Jan- Mar 2017	
Greater than 1. 5 Crore	GSTR - 3B		Dec 3B			Jan 3B		Feb 3B		Mar 3B		Apr 3B
	GSTR -1	July to Nov 2017		Dec 2017			Jan 2018		Feb 2018			Mar 2018

- 1.2 It may be noted that all registered persons are required to file their FORM GSTR-3B on a monthly basis in terms of Notification No. 35/2017-Central Tax (referred to as "CT? hereinafter) dated 15th September, 2017 and 56/2017-CT dated 15th November 2017. Further, Notification No. 71/2017-CT and Notification No. 72/2017 CT both dated 29th December 2017 (superseding Notification No. 57/2017-CT and 58/2017-CT both dated 15th November 2017) have been issued to notify the due dates for filing of outward supply statement in FORM GSTR-1 for various months / quarters (as depicted in the calendar above) by registered persons having aggregate turnover in the previous financial year or current financial year of upto1.5 Crores rupees and above 1.5 Crores rupees respectively. Since, the option of quarterly filing was not available earlier, many taxpayers have already filed their FORM GSTR-1 for the month of July, such taxpayers shall not file these details again and shall only file details for the month of August and September, 2017. For those, who have not filed their FORM GSTR-1 for the month of July, they shall also file their FORM GSTR-1 for the month of July separately and then file their FORM GSTR-1 on quarterly basis for the month of August and September, 2017.
- **1.3** It has been further decided that the time period of filing of FORM GSTR-2 and FORM GSTR -3 for the months of July 2017 to March 2018 would be worked out by a Committee of officers and communicated later.
- **1.4** Registered persons opting for Composition scheme are required to file their returns quarterly in FORM GSTR-4. The due date for filing of **FORM GSTR-4** for the quarter ending September 2017 has been extended to 24th December 2017 vide Notification No. 59/2017-CT dated 15th November 2017. For the remaining quarters, the last date for filing of FORM GSTR-4 is within eighteen days after the end of such quarter.
- 1.5 It is also clarified that the registered person will self-assess his aggregate turnover in terms of Section



2(6) of the CGST Act, 2017 for the previous financial year or the current financial year (in case of new registrants). Based on this self-assessed turnover, the registered person with turnover up to Rs. 1.5 Crore will be required to file FORM GSTR-1 on quarterly basis instead of on monthly basis. It is also clarified that the registered person may opt to file FORM GSTR-1 on monthly basis if he so wishes even though his aggregate turnover is up to Rs. 1.5 Crore. Once he falls in this bracket or if he chooses to file return on monthly basis, the registered person will not have the option to change the return filing periodicity for the entire financial year. In cases, where the registered person wrongly reports his aggregate turnover and opts to file FORM GSTR-1 on quarterly basis, he may be liable for punitive action under the CGST Act, 2017.

2. <u>Applicability and quantum of late fee:</u>

- **2.1** The late fee for the months of July, August and September for late filing of FORM GSTR 3B has already been waived off vide Notification No. 28/2017-CT dated 1 st September 2017 and 50/2017-CT dated 24th October 2017.
- 2.2 It has been decided that for subsequent months, i.e. October 2017 onwards, the amount of late fee payable, by a taxpayer whose tax liability for that month was "NIL?, will be Rs. 20/- per day (Rs. 10/- per day each under CGST & SGST Acts) instead of Rs. 200/- per day (Rs. 100/- per day each under CGST & SGST Acts). For other tax payers, whose tax liability for that month was not "NIL?, late fee payable will be Rs. 50/- per day (Rs. 25/- per day each under CGST & SGST Acts) instead of Rs. 200/- per day (Rs. 100/- per day each under CGST & SGST Acts). Notification No. 64/2017-CT dated 15th November 2017 has already been issued in this regard.

3. Amendment / corrections / rectification of errors:

- 3.1 Various representations have been received wherein registered persons have requested for clarification on the procedure for rectification of errors made while filing their FORM GSTR-3B. In this regard, Circular No. 7/7/2017-GST dated 1st September 2017 was issued which clarified that errors committed while filing FORM GSTR 3B may be rectified while filing FORM GSTR-1 and FORM GSTR-2 of the same month. Further, in the said circular, it was clarified that the system will automatically reconcile the data submitted in FORM GSTR-3B with FORM GSTR-1 and FORM GSTR-2, and the variations if any will either be offset against output tax liability or added to the output tax liability of the subsequent months of the registered person.
- 3.2 Since, the GST Council has decided that the time period of filing of FORM GSTR-2 and FORM GSTR -3 for the month of July 2017 to March 2018 would be worked out by a Committee of officers, the system based reconciliation prescribed under Circular No. 7/7/2017-GST dated 1st September 2017 can only be operationalized after the relevant notification is issued. The said circular is therefore kept in abeyance till such time.
- 3.3 The common errors while submitting **FORM GSTR-3B** and the steps needed to be taken to rectify the same are provided in the table annexed herewith. The registered person needs to decide at which stage of filing of **FORM GSTR-3B** he is currently at and also the error committed by him. The corresponding column in the table provides the steps to be followed by him to rectify such error.
- 4. It is clarified that as return in **FORM GSTR-3B** do not contain provisions for reporting of differential figures for past month(s), the said figures may be reported on net basis alongwith the values for current month itself in appropriate tables i.e. Table No. 3.1, 3.2, 4 and 5, as the case may be. It may be noted that while making adjustment in the output tax liability or input tax credit, there can be no negative entries in the **FORM GSTR-3B**. The amount remaining for adjustment, if any, may be adjusted in the return(s) in **FORM GSTR3B** of



subsequent month(s) and, in cases where such adjustment is not feasible, refund may be claimed. Where adjustments have been made in **FORM GSTR-3B** of multiple months, corresponding adjustments in **FORM GSTR-1** should also preferably be made in the corresponding months.

- **5.** Where the taxpayer has committed an error in submitting (before offsetting and filing) the information in **FORM GSTR-3B**, a provision for editing the same has been provided. The facility to edit the information can be used only before offsetting the liability and editing will not be permitted after offsetting the liability. Hence, every care should be taken to ensure the accuracy of the figures before proceeding to offset the liabilities.
- **6.** It is further clarified that the information furnished by the registered person in the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** would be reconciled by the department?s system with the information furnished in FORM GSTR-1 and discrepancies, if any, shall be dealt with in accordance with the relevant provisions of the CGST Act, 2017 and rules made thereunder. Detailed instructions regarding reconciliation of information furnished in FORM GSTR-3B with that contained in **FORM GSTR-2 and FORM GSTR-3** will be issued in due course of time.
- 7. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this circular.
- **8**. Difficulty, if any, in implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version would follow.

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4
~				Return Filed
Error– I	were confirmed and submitted and	Cash was added to the electronic cash ledger as per the return liability. No action was taken after this step.	by debiting the cash and credit ledger. No action was taken after this step.	
	liability.	Use "Edit" facility to add such liability and additional cash, if required (i.e. where sufficient balances are not available in the credit or cash ledgers) may be deposited in the cash ledger by creating challan in FORM GST PMT-06 .	Liability may be added in subsequent month(s) afte interest.	
Liability was under reported	while filing their return for the month of July, they inadvertently, missed on details of a last minute order. Since, they had already submitted and confirmed their output supply details, they were not sure of how to proceed. What can they do? The company may use the "edit return? facility to add such liability in their submitted return and then proceed for	Company A has four units in Haryana, while filing their return for the month of July, they inadvertently, missed on details of a last minute order. Since, they had already submitted and confirmed their output supply details, but were not sure of how to proceed. They added cash in the cash to the extent of their under reported liability. What can they do? The company may use the "edit return? facility to add such liability in their submitted return. Further, the company may generate a fresh challan under FORM GST PMT-06 to additional cash or utilize their credit and	Company A has four unit filing their return for the inadvertently, missed on minute order. The Compareturns in order to not papenalties. What can they In this case, they may repliability in the return of nay with interest.	month of July, they details of a last any had filed their ay late fee and othe do?
		furnish their return. M GSTR-1 of the month/quarter, then such lia nich payment was made.	ability may be declared i	in the subsequent



	Stage of Return Filing (GSTR - 3B)					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4		
~	Confirmed Submission	Cash Ledger Updated	Offset Liability	Return Filed		
Common Error - II	Return liabilities / Input tax credit availed were confirmed and submitted and therefore no change can be done to the liability. No action was taken after this step.	Cash was added to the electronic cash ledger as per the return liability. No action was taken after this step.	credit ledger. No action was taken after this step.			
	Use "Edit" facility to reduce over reported liability.	Use "Edit" facility to reduce over reported liability and cash ledger may be partially debited to offset such liability. Remaining balance may either be claimed as refund or used to offset future liabilities.	Liability may be adjusted subsequent month(s) or r claimed where adjustmer	efund may be		
Liability was over reported		Company B had reported an inter-State sale but realized that the same sale was counted twice and hence was not to be reported or taxed. But the return form was already submitted and no change could be done to reduce the liabilities. Further, the company had already deposited cash in their cash ledger before realizing this error. What can company B do?	Company B had reported but realized that the same twice and hence was not taxed. But the return form and no change could be a liabilities. What can com	e sale was counted to be reported or n was already filed done to reduce the		
	use the "edit" facility to reduce such liability and proceed to file their return.	In this case, Company B has the option to use the "edit" facility to reduce such liability. Once, this is done, they can partially debit their cash ledger to offset their tax liability. Further, remaining balance can either be claimed as refund or used to offset future liabilities.	In this case, they may rea the return of subsequent refund of the same.	•		
Change in	Where the liability was over reported in	the month's / quarter's FORM GSTR-1 also, t	then such liability may b	e amended throug		
FORM	amendments under Table 9 of FORM GSTR-1					
GSTR-1						

I		Stage of Return Filing (GSTR - 3B)						
ı		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4			
ı		Confirmed Submission	Cash Ledger Updated	Offset Liability	Return Filed			
- 1	Error - III	1	Cash was added to the electronic cash ledger as per the return liability. No action was taken after this step.	All liabilities were offset by debiting the cash and credit ledger. No action was taken after this step.	Return was filed.			
		reported liability.	Use "Edit" facility to rectify wrongly reported liability and cash ledger may be debited to offset new liability, where sufficient balances are not available in the credit ledger. Remaining balance, if any may be either claimed as refund or used to offset future liabilities.	Unreported liability may month?s return with inter Also, adjustment may be subsequent month(s) or r claimed where adjustm	est, if applicable. made in return of efund may be			
ŀ	Liability was wrongly reported	Haryana. While entering their outward supplies in FORM GSTR- 3B, the company realized that they had inadvertently, shown inter-State supply as intra-State supply and submitted the return. What can they do? In this case, the company will have to rectify wrongly reported liability using the edit facility. Here, the company will	Company C is registered in the State of Haryana. While entering their outward supplies in FORM GSTR-3B, the company realized that they had inadvertently, shown inter-State supply as intra-State supply and submitted the return. Further, they also had updated their Central Tax and State tax cash ledgers. What can they do? In this case, the company will have to rectify wrongly reported liability using the edit facility. The company will reduce their Central Tax / State tax liability and add integrated tax liability. Further, they will have to pay integrated tax and update their cash ledger. They may seek for Central Tax / State tax cash refund in due course or use the same for offsetting future liabilities.	Company C was registern Haryana. While entering in FORM GSTR-3B, the they had inadvertently, stas intra-State supply and The company paid their vifiled their return in order penalty? What can they a Since, the return has alrescompany will have to rep supply in their next mont their wrongly paid intra-Subsequent months return the same.	ed in the State of their outward supplies company realized that town inter-State supply submitted the return. wrong liability and to avoid late fee and lo? ady been filed, then the wort the inter- State h's liability and adjust State liability in the			



Change in FORM GSTR-1

Such taxpayers will have to file for amendments by filling Table 9 of the subsequent month's / quarter's FORM GSTR-1.

	Stage of Return Filing (GSTR - 3B)						
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4			
Common Error - IV	Confirmed Submission	Cash Ledger Updated	Offset Liability	Return Filed			
	Return liabilities / Input tax credit availed were confirmed and submitted and therefore no change can be done to the liability. No action was taken after this step	Cash was added to the electronic cash ledger as per the return liability. No action was taken after this step.	All liabilities were offset by debiting the cash and credit ledger. No action was taken after this step.	Return was filed.			
	Use 'Edit' facility to add un-availed input tax credit. Input tax Credit will be added to the credit ledger and may be used for offsetting this month or subsequent month?s liability.	No Action required in cash ledger	Input tax credit which was not reported may be availed while filing return for subsequent month				
Input tax credit was under reported	Company D, while filing their FORM GSTR - 3B for the month of July, inadvertently, misreported Input tax credit of Rs. 1,00,00,000/- as Rs. 10,00,000/ They had confirmed and submitted their return. What can they do? The company may use the "edit" facility to add more Input tax credit to their submitted FORM GSTR-3B. Once, this is done, such credit will be reflected in their Electronic Credit ledger and may be utilized to offset liabilities for this month or for subsequent months.		Company D, while filing the for the month of July, inadv Input tax credit of Rs. 1,00, 10,00,000/ They had filed 90,00,000/- in cash. What c Since, the return has alread may add such Input tax cressubsequent month(s).	vertently, misreported 00,000/- as Rs. their return and paid Rs. can they do? by been filed, Company D			
Change in			•				
FORM GSTR-1	No Action						

Error - V	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4
	Confirmed Submission	Cash Ledger Updated	Offset Liability	Return Filed
	Return liabilities / Input tax credit availed	Cash was added to the electronic cash ledger as	All liabilities were offset	Return was filed.
	were confirmed and submitted and	per the return liability. No action was taken after	by debiting the cash and	
	therefore no change can be done to the	this step.	credit ledger. No action	
	liability. No action was taken after		was taken	
	this step.		after this step.	
	Use "Edit" facility to rectify the over	Additional cash, if required, may be deposited in		
		1 2 , 5	input tax credit with inter	rest in return of
		GST PMT-06	subsequent month (s).	
	While filing their FORM GSTR 3B for the	While filing their FORM GSTR 3B for the	While filing their FORM	GSTR 3B for the
	months of July, 2017, Company E	months of July, 2017, Company E inadvertently,	months of July, 2017, Co	mpany E inadvertently,
		reported their eligible input tax credit, as Rs.	reported their eligible inp	
		20,00,000/- instead of Rs. 10,00,000/ What can	20,00,000/- instead of Rs.	. 10,00,000/ Company
credit was	10,00,000/ What can they do?		E also utilized their addit	
	Since, the company has submitted details		and filed their returns. W	hat can they do?
		Since, the company has submitted details of		
		their input tax credit but not used such credit for		
			to offset such liabilities, t	
	the "edit" facility.		to pay (through cash) / R	
		Since, they have deposited Rs. 10,00,000/- only	reported utilized input ta:	x credit with interest.
		in their input tax credit ledger they may deposit		
		additional Rs. 10,00,000/- in the cash ledger by		
		creating		
		challan in FORM GST PMT-06.		
Change in	NT 4			
	No Action			
GSTR-1				



	Stage of Return Filing (GSTR - 3B)				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	
a	Confirmed Submission	Cash Ledger Updated	Offset Liability	Return Filed	
Common Error - VI	Return liabilities / Input tax credit availed	Cash was added to the electronic cash ledger	All liabilities were offset by	Return was filed.	
	were confirmed and submitted and	as per the return liability. No action was taken	debiting the cash and credit		
	therefore no change can be done to the	after this step.	ledger. No action was taken		
	liability. No action was taken after		after this step.		
	this step				
	- "Edit" facility to be used to rectify such		Pay(through cash) / Reverse		
	liability.	deposited in the cash ledger by creating	reported input tax credit in r	eturn of	
	- New Input tax credit will be added to the		subsequent		
	credit ledger.		month(s).		
	- Input tax credit reduced will be adjusted		For under reported input tax credit, the same		
	in the credit ledger without any additional		may be availed in return of s	subsequent month(s	
	liability				
	While filing their FORM GSTR 3B for the	While filing their FORM GSTR 3B for the	While filing their FORM G S	STR 3B for the	
	months of July, 2017, Company E	months of July, 2017, Company E	months of July, 2017, Comp	any E inadvertently	
nput Tax	inadvertently, reported their Central Tax	1	reported their Central Tax o	•	
Credit of the			20,00,000/- as Integrated ta		
wrong tax	What can they do?		avoid late fee and penalties,		
vas taken			20,00,000/- Central Tax in c		
	Use edit facility to claim correct central	They can use "edit" facility to correct central		redit.	
	tax credit under the right head.	tax credit under the right head. For offsetting			
			l *	company has filed	
			the returns and there is an u	U	
			tax credit of Rs. 20,00,000/-		
			inadmissible to them, they w		
			reverse such credit in the re month(s). Further, Central T		
			20,00,000/- can be availed i		
			subsequent month(s).	н гешт ој	

Change in FORM GSTR-1	No Action					
	Stage of Return Filing (GSTR - 3B)					
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4		
Common	Confirmed Submission	Cash Ledger Updated	Offset Liability	Return Filed		
Error - VII	Return liabilities / Input tax credit availed were reported correctly and thereafter confirmed and submitted. Therefore no change is required to be done to the liability. No action was taken after this step.	Cash was added to the electronic cash ledger as per the return liability. No action was taken after this step	All liabilities were offset by debiting the cash and credit ledger. No action was taken after this step	Return was filed.		
	No Action	Add cash under the right tax head and seek cash refund of the cash added under the wrong tax head.	No Action			
Cash ledger wrongly updated	No Action	While filing their FORM GSTR-3B return, Company F while generating payment challan added Rs. 5,00,000/- under the Central Tax head, while they wanted to deposit Rs. 5,00,000/- under the integrated tax head. What can they do? Since, they have already filed their challan, they will have to add Rs. 5,00,000/- in their integrated tax head and file their returns. Further, they may seek refund of Rs. 5,00,000/- from their cash ledger.	No Action			



Change in FORM GSTR-1

No Action